

"Letter No. 2896-2907—W., dated the 19th March 1915, from the Government of India, Department of Commerce and Industry, to all Chambers of Commerce.

In continuation of the letter in this Department No. 460-471—W., dated the 15th January 1915, I am directed to forward herewith for the information of your Chamber, and for communication to its Members, the following revised lists showing articles the export of which is prohibited or restricted from:—

- (1) the United Kingdom; (A)
- (2) India, (B), and
- (3) Norway, Sweden, Denmark, the Netherlands, Italy, France, Switzerland, Greece and Roumania.

"Copy"

D. M. NAHASINGA RAO,

Officiating Secretary to Government,
General and Revenue Departments.

A

LIST OF ARTICLES THE EXPORT OF WHICH FROM THE UNITED KINGDOM IS PROHIBITED AS UNDER.

(A) That the exportation of the following goods be prohibited to all destinations:—

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| <p>Aeroplanes, airships, balloons and aircraft, of all kinds and their component parts, together with accessories and articles recognizable as intended for use in connection with aeroplanes, airships, balloons and aircraft, including:—gold beaters' skin; shantung silk in the piece; flax fabric suitable for aeroplanes; non-inflammable "celluloid" sheet (or similar transparent material nonsoluble in lubricating oil, petrol or water); aeroplane dope; high tensile steel tubes; aeroplane instruments (aneroids, barographs, revolution indicators); aeroplane turnbuckles; steel stampings; magnetos; aeroplane engines and parts; fusel oil (amyl alcohol); amyl acetate; aceto-celluloses; triphenyl phosphate.</p> <p>Animals, pack saddle and draught, suitable for use in war.</p> <p>Cannon and other ordnance and machine guns, and parts thereof.</p> <p>Carbons, suitable for searchlights.</p> <p>Carriages and mountings for cannon and other ordnance and for machine guns and parts thereof.</p> <p>Cartridges, charges of all kinds, and their component parts.</p> <p>Chemicals, drugs, dyes and dye stuffs, medicinal and pharmaceutical preparations, and tanning extracts, namely:—
Acetone.
Acetylsalicylic acid (aspirin).</p> | <p>Ammonium nitrate, perchlorate and sulphocyanide.</p> <p>Antipyrine (phenazone).</p> <p>Anti-tetanus serum.</p> <p>Barium chlorate.</p> <p>Belladonna and its preparations and alkaloids.</p> <p>Calcium acetate, and all other metallic acetates.</p> <p>Calcium nitrate.</p> <p>Cantharides and its preparations.</p> <p>Carbolic acid.</p> <p>Chloral and its preparations, including chloramid.</p> <p>Coal tar distillation products; namely, benzol and cresol and the fractions of the distillation products of coal tar between benzol and cresol.</p> <p>Coal tar products for use in dye manufacture, including aniline oil and aniline salt.</p> <p>Collodion.</p> <p>Cresol, all preparations of (including cresylic acid) and nitro-cresol (except saponified cresol).</p> <p>Cyanamide.</p> <p>Diethylbarbituric acid (veronal) and veronal sodium.</p> <p>Dimethylaniline.</p> <p>Dyes and dyestuffs manufactured from coal tar products.</p> <p>Emetin and its salts.</p> <p>Ergot of rye, not including liquid extract or other medicinal preparations of ergot.</p> |
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- Eucaine hydrochlor.
 Gentain and its preparations.
 Henbane and its preparations.
 Hydroquinone.
 Indigo, natural.
 Ipecacuanha root.
 Methylaniline.
 Neo-salvarsan.
 Nitric acid.
 Nitrotoluol.
 Novocain.
 Opium and its preparations and alkaloids.
 Paraffin, liquid medicinal.
 Paraformaldehyde and trioxymethylene.
 "Peptone Witte."
 Peroxide of manganese.
 Phenacetin.
 Picric acid and its components.
 Potash salts, namely :—
 Chlorate.
 Cyanide.
 Nitrate (saltpetre).
 Permanganate.
 Protargol, not including silver proteinate.
 Saccharin (including "saxin").
 Salicylic acid and salicylate of soda.
 Salol.
 Salvarsan.
 Santonin and its preparation.
 Sodium chlorate and perchlorate.
 Sulphonal.
 Sulphur.
 Sulphuric acid.
 Tanning, extracts for use in the following :—
 Chestnut extract.
 Oakwood extract.
 Thorin Nitrate.
 Thymol and its preparations.
 Trional.
 Valonia.
 Compasses, other than ships' compasses.
 Cotton waste of all descriptions.
 Explosives of all kinds.
 Field glasses and telescopes.
 Firearms, rifled, of all kinds, and their component parts.
 Flax, raw.
 Forage and food for animals, namely :—
 Beans (not including haricot beans).
 Brewers' and Distillers' grains.
 Brewers' dried yeast.
 Buckwheat.
 Cakes and meals, the following namely :—
 Biscuit meal.
 Calf meal.
 Cocoanut or poonac cake.
 Compound cakes and meal.
 Cottonseed cake, decorticated and undecorticated, and cottonseed meal.
 Fishmeal and concentrated fish.
 Gluten meal or gluten feed.
 Groundnut cake and meal.
 Husk meal.
 Linseed cake and meal.
 Locust bean meal.
 Maize germ meal.
 Maize meal.
 Meat meal.
 Rapunut cake and meal.
 Rape seed cake and meal.
 Soya bean cake and meal.
 Dari.
 Hay.
 Hempseed.
 Lentils.
 Maize.
 Malt dust, culms, sprouts or combings.
 Millet.
 Offals of corn and grain, including :—
 Bran and Pollard.
 Mill dust and screenings of all kinds.
 Rice meal (or bran) and dust.
 Sharps and middlings.
 Patent and proprietary cattle foods of all kinds.
 Peas (except split, tinned and bottled peas, packed in cardboard boxes and similar receptacles).
 Straw.
 Glass for optical instruments.
 Grindery, the following articles of, used in the making of boots and shoes :—
 Brass rivets, for use by hand or machines.
 Cutlan studs, for use by hand or machines.
 Heel attaching pins, for use by hand or machines.
 Lasting tacks or rivets, for use by hand or machines.
 Steel bills, for use by hand or machine.
 Heel tips.
 Heel tip nails.
 Hobnails of all descriptions.
 Protector studs.
 Screwing wire.
 Harness and saddlery which can be used for military purposes.
 Heliographs.
 Hemp, other than Manilla hemp.
 Hides of cattle, buffaloes and horses and calfskins.
 Hosiery Needles.
 Khaki woollen cloth.

Leather, undressed or dressed, suitable for saddlery, harness, military boots or military clothing.
 Meat, namely, beef and mutton, fresh or refrigerated.
 Periscopes.
 Projectiles of all kinds and their component parts.
 Range finders and parts thereof.
 Silk cloth, silk braid, silk thread, suitable for cartridges.

Silk noils.
 Spirits of a strength of not less than 43 degrees above proof.
 Swords, bayonets and other arms (not being firearms) and parts thereof.
 Wood, namely:—
 Ash.
 Ash three-ply wood;
 Spruce.
 Walnut wood.

(B) That the exportation of the following goods be prohibited to all destinations abroad other than British possessions and Protectorates:—

Accoutrements, namely, web equipment, leather belts, leather bandoliers, leather pouches, other leather articles of personal equipment manufactured for military purposes.
 Blankets, coloured, exceeding 3½ lbs. in weight known as "Woollen" blankets.
 Boots, heavy for men.
 Camp equipment, articles of, including tents and their component parts, ovens, camp kettles, buckets, lanterns and horse rugs.
 Carts, two wheeled, capable of carrying 15 cwt. or over, and their distinctive component parts.
 Chemicals, drugs, medicinal and pharmaceutical preparations:—
 Acetanilide.
 Aconite and its preparations and alkaloids.
 Alcohol, methylic.
 Alumina and salts of Aluminium.
 Ammonia, liquified.
 Antimony, sulphides and oxides of.
 Benzoic acid (synthetic) and Benzoates.
 Bromine and alkaline bromides.
 Cocoa and its preparations and alkaloids.
 Copper, suboxide of.
 Copper sulphate.
 Cresol (saponified).
 Formic aldehyde.
 Fulminate of mercury.
 Glycerine, crude and refined.
 Hexamethylene tetramin (urotropin) and its preparations.
 Hydrobromic acid.
 Potash, caustic.
 Potash salts, namely:—
 Bicarbonate.
 Bichromate.
 Carbonate.
 Chloride.
 Chrome alum.

Metabisulphite.
 Prussiate.
 Sulphate (including kainit).
 Sodium nitrate.
 Tartaric acid and alkaline tartrates.
 Zinc sulphate.
 Coal sacks.
 Draw plates, jewelled, for drawing steel wire.
 Ferro alloys, including:—
 Ferro-chrome.
 Ferro-manganese.
 Ferro-molybdenum.
 Ferro-nickel.
 Ferro-titanium.
 Ferro-tungsten.
 Ferro-vanadium.
 Spiegeleisen.
 Ferro-silicon.
 Graphite, including foundry (moulding) plumbago and plumbago for lubricating.
 Hemp, the following manufactures of:—
 Cloth.
 Cordage and twine not including cordage or twine of manilla hemp or reaper or binder twine.
 Horse shoes.
 Jute, raw.
 Metals and ores, the following, viz:—
 Aluminium and alloys of aluminium.
 Antimony and alloys of antimony.
 Bauxite.
 Chrome ore.
 Cobalt.
 Copper unwrought and part wrought, all kinds, including alloys of copper (such as brass, gun metal, naval brass and delta metal, phosphor copper and phosphor bronze), copper and brass sheets, circles, slabs, bars, pipes, ingots, scrap, rods, plates, solid drawn tubes, condenser plates, copper wire, brass wire, bronze wire, solder containing copper.

Lead, pig, sheet or pipe (including solder containing lead).

Lead ore.

Manganese and manganese ore.

Mercury.

Molybdenum and Molybdenite.

Nickel and Nickel ore.

Scheelite.

Selenium.

Tungsten.

Vanadium.

Wolframite.

Zinc and zinc ore (including zinc ashes, spelter, spelter dross, and zinc sheets).

Mica (including mica splittings and mica).

Mineral jellies.

Mines and parts thereof.

Oil, blast furnace (except creosote and creosote oil).

Oil fuel, shale.

Oil, mineral lubricating (including mineral lubricating grease and lubricating oil composed of mineral and other oils).

Oils, all vegetable (other than linseed oil, boiled and unboiled, unmixed with other oil and not including essential oils).

Oil, Whale, namely train, blubber, sperm or head matter, and seal oil, shark oil, and Japan fish oil.

Oleaginous nuts, seeds and products, the following namely:—

Castor beans.

Cocoanuts.

Copra.

Cotton seed.

Groundnuts (Arachides).

Linseed.

Palm kernels.

Rape seed.

Sesame seed.

Soya Beans.

Oleo oil, Premier jns and animal tallow.

Petroleum, fuel oil (including turpentine substitute and paraffin oil).

Petroleum, gas oil.

Petroleum spirit and motor spirit (including Shell spirit).

Pigskins, dressed or undressed.

Portable forges.

Provisions and victuals which may be used as food for man, namely:—

Animals, living, for food.

Barley and oats, including barley meal and pearled barley and oatmeal.

Butter.

Cheese.

Eggs and shells.

Lard and imitation lard.

Margarine.

Sugar, refined and candy.

Sugar, unrefined.

Wheat, wheat flour, and wheat meal.

Rope (steel wire) and hawsers.

Rubber (including raw waste and reclaimed rubber) and goods made wholly of rubber, including tyres for motor vehicles and for cycles together with articles or materials especially adapted for use in the manufacture or repair of tyres.

Search-lights.

Sheepskins, tanned.

Sheepskins, woolled, i.e., with the wool left on.

Signalling lamps of all kinds capable of being used for signalling Morse or other code.

Submarine Sound signalling apparatus.

Surgical bandages and dressing (including butter cloth).

Telephone sets and parts thereof, field service telegraph and telephone cable.

Torpedo nets.

Torpedo tubes.

Torpedoes and parts thereof.

Turpentine (oil and spirit).

Vessels, boats and craft of all kinds (including floating docks) and their distinctive component parts.

Waggons, four wheeled, capable of carrying 1 ton and over and their distinctive component parts.

Uniform clothing and military equipment.

Wire, barbed, and galvanised wire, and implements for fixing and cutting the same (but not including galvanised wire netting).

Wire, steel, of all kinds.

Wool, raw (sheep and lambs).

Wool tops.

Wool noils.

Wool waste.

Woollen rags, applicable to other uses than manure, pulled or not.

Woollen and worsted cloth suitable for uniform clothing, not including women's stuffs or cloth with pattern.

Woollen and worsted yarns.

Woollen jerseys, Cardigan jackets, woollen gloves, woollen socks, and men's woollen underwear of all kinds.

(C) That the exportation of the following goods be prohibited to all Foreign ports in Europe and on the Mediterranean and Black Seas, other than those of France, Russia (except Baltic ports), Belgium, Spain and Portugal:—

Armour plates, armour quality castings, and similar protective material.	all descriptions; helvcs and handles for pick-axes, grubbers, spades and shovels; and machinery for trenching and ditching.
Asbestos.	Jute yarns.
Bags and sacks of all kinds (not including paper bags).	Jute piece goods.
Bicycles, and their distinctive component parts.	Linen close canvas.
Bladders, casings, and sausage skins.	Linen duck cloth.
Camphor.	Mahogany.
Chemical, drugs, etc.	Mess tins, and water bottles for military use.
Bismuth and its salts.	Metals and ores, the following, viz:—
Iodine and its preparations and compounds.	Copper ore.
Mercury, salts and preparations of.	Iron ore.
Nux vomica, and its alkaloids and preparations.	Iron, haematite pig.
Chronometers and all kinds of nautical instruments.	Iron pyrites.
Compasses for ships, and parts thereof, including fittings such as binnacles.	Motor vehicles of all kinds, including motor bicycles, and their distinctive component parts and accessories.
Fire arms, unrifled, for sporting purposes.	Packings, engine and boiler (including slagwool).
Flaxen canvas, namely:—	Provisions and victuals which may be used food for man, namely:—
Hammock canvas.	Cocoa, raw and powder.
Kitbag canvas.	Herrings, cured or salted, in barrels or cases, including dry salted herrings and herrings in brine.
Merchant Navy canvas.	Tinned meats and extract of meat.
Royal Navy canvas.	Railway material, both fixed and rolling stock.
Tent canvas.	Rosin.
Goat skins undressed.	Seeds, clover, and grass.
Implements and apparatus designed exclusively for the manufacture of munitions of war, for the manufacture or repair of arms or of war material for use on land and sea, namely, plant for cordite and ammunition factories, viz:—	Shipbuilding materials, namely:—
Cordite presses.	Boiler tubes.
Dies for cartridge cases.	Condenser Tubes.
Gauges for shells or cartridges.	Iron and steel castings and forgings for hulls and machinery of ships.
Incorporators.	Iron and steel plates and sectional materials for shipbuilding.
Lapping machines.	Marine engines, and parts thereof.
Rifling machines.	Ships' auxiliary machinery.
Wire-winding machines.	Sounding machines and gear.
India rubber, sheet vulcanised	Telegraphs, wireless telegraphs and telephones, material for.
Intrenching tools and intrenching implements namely—pick-axes and grubbers, whether of combination pattern or otherwise; spades and shovels of	

(D) That the export of the following articles be prohibited to ports in Denmark, the Netherlands and Sweden.

Tin plates; including tin boxes and tin canisters for food packing.

B

The export from British India of the articles specified in column I below is prohibited subject to the exceptions specified in column II.

Provided that these prohibitions do not apply to—

- (i) Goods shipped by or for the use of the Crown;
- (ii) Goods shipped to any Indian port;
- (iii) Goods required for use or consumption in—
 - (a) French or Portuguese possessions in India;
 - (b) Native States in India;
 - (c) Ceylon; or
 - (d) The Straits Settlements;
- (iv) Goods shipped for use or consumption during voyage.

Column I. Prohibited goods	Column II. Exceptions
Ammunition and explosives, and the materials used in their manufacture. Arms, guns and gun mountings of all descriptions with their component parts. Accoutrements. Armour plates. Balloons, kites, air-ships and aeroplanes, including parts thereof. Benzine and petrol	Except 'Saltpetre' to the United Kingdom. Except to the United Kingdom or to a British possession.
Bullocks Camels Coal, Welsh	Except exports by land. Except exports by land. Except in quantities sufficient for bunker requirements.
Chrome, iron ore (chromite) Entrenching tools. Fuses and detonators. Heliographs, signal flags, and naval and military signalling apparatus of all descriptions, including wireless telegraphy apparatus.	Except to the United Kingdom. Except exports by land.
Horses Leather (hides tanned—buffalo and cow) Lead, pig Manganese and Wolfram	Except to the United Kingdom. Except to the United Kingdom. Except to the United Kingdom and France.
Marine boilers and engines, including any parts thereof. Materials used in ship construction	Except 'Teak' to the United Kingdom. Except exports by land and exports of Cinchona Bark and Senna to the United Kingdom.
Medical and surgical stores and equipment of every description, other than (1) nux vomica, (2) castor seed, mustard seed, linseed and oils extracted therefrom. Mining cables. Mules Naval and military stores of every description, including tents, uniform, boots, shoes, harness and other equipment.	Except exports by land.

Column I. Prohibited goods	Column II. Exceptions
Paraffin wax.....	Except to the United Kingdom and British Possessions.
Railway material and material for telegraphs and telephones, barbed wire and implements for fixing and cutting the same.	Except 'Teak' to the United Kingdom.
Range-finders.	
Rubber, raw or manufactured	Except to the United Kingdom or to a British possession.
Slaughter cattle	Except exports by land.
Searchlight apparatus.	
Sheep and goats	Except exports by land.
Submarine mines and torpedoes	
Torpedo net defence and parts thereof	
Veterinary instruments and appliances	
Veterinary medicines	
Wool, raw	

The export of the following articles from British India has been restricted as indicated:—

Hides and skins, raw	Export is prohibited to all ports in Europe and on the Mediterranean and Black Seas other than those of the United Kingdom, Russia (except the Baltic ports), France, Spain, and Portugal.
Jute, raw and manufactured	
Wheat	Export to be prohibited with effect from 1st April except on Government account.

Forage and food for animals, namely:—

Beans (not including haricot beans)	
Brewers' and distillers' grains	
Brewers' dried yeast	
Buckwheat	
Cakes and meals, the following, namely—	
Biscuit meal	
Oat meal	
Coconut or poonac cake	
Compound cakes and meal	
Cottonseed cake, decorticated and undecorticated, and cottonseed meal	
Fishmeal and concentrated fish	
Gluten meal or gluten food	
Groundnut cake and meal	
Husk meal	
Linseed cake and meal	
Locust bean meal	
Mahua or Mhowara cake	
Maize germ meal	
Maize meal	
Meat meal	
Niger cake	
Palmnut cake and meal	
Poppyseed cake	

Export is prohibited to all parts in Europe and on the Mediterranean and Black Seas, other than those of the United Kingdom, Russia (except the Baltic ports), Belgium, France, Spain and Portugal.

Column I. Prohibited goods	Column II. Exceptions
Rapeseed cake and meal	
Safflower cake	
Sesamium cake	
Soya bean cake and meal	
Dari	
Hay	
Hempseed	
Lentils	
Maize	
Malt dust, culms, sprouts or combings	
Millet	
Offals of corn and grain, including—	
Bran and Pollard	
Mill dust and screenings of all kinds	
Rice meal (or bran) and dust	
Sharps and middlings	
Patent and proprietary cattle foods of all kinds.	
Peas (except split, tinned and bottled peas, packed in cardboard boxes and similar receptacles).	
Straw	
<i>Oils, all vegetable (other than linseed oil, boiled and unboiled, unmixed with other oil, and not including essential oils).</i>	
<i>Oleaginous, nuts, seeds and products, the following, namely:—</i>	
Castor beans	
Cocoanuts	
Copra	
Cottonseed	
Groundnuts (Arachides)	
Linseed	
Mahua or Mhowra seed	
Niger seed	
Palm kernels	
Poppy seed	
Rape seed	
Safflower seed	
Sesame seed	
Soya beans	
	Export is prohibited to all ports in Europe and on the Mediterranean and Black Seas, other than those of the United Kingdom, Russia (except the Baltic ports), Belgium, France, Spain and Portugal.

NORWAY.

LIST OF ARTICLES THE EXPORTATION OF WHICH IS PROHIBITED.

January 29, 1915.

Aluminium, unworked (except that produced in Norway and accompanied by a certificate of origin), scrap aluminium, and aluminium worked up into plates, bands, tubes, rods, rings, wire, and castings.	Balata, crude, and partly worked products thereof.
Ammunition.	Barded wire.
Aniline.	Batteries (dry) for electric pocket lamps.
Arms and parts of arms.	Benzol.
Aspen timber.	Bottles, empty.
	Brass bars, rolled or forged, not further worked.
	Brass materials, cup-shaped, for use in the manufacture of cartridges.

Brass wire, rolled or drawn.	Jute sacking (except sacking used in packing other goods destined for export).
Caps (dynamite percussion caps).	Lead.
Carbons for search-lights and for arc-lights.	Leather and products thereof.
Cattle.	Lysol. (See Cresol).
Coal and coke.	Machines intended for the manufacture of ammunition.
Copper alloys, refuse of.	Medicines included in Schedules A and B of the Law of 29th August 1908.*
Copper or brass bars, rolled or forged, not further worked.	Mineral oils.
Copper or brass materials, cup-shaped, for use in the manufacture of cartridges.	Motors, of more than 15 horse-power, with more than 800 revolutions per minute, and weighing less than 25 kilogs. per horse-power; also motor boats fitted with such motors.
Copper or brass wire, rolled or drawn.	Motor boats. (See preceding heading.)
Copper plates, rolled or pressed, at least 3 millim. in thickness.	Motor cars, and tyres therefor.
Copper, unworked (except that produced in Norway and accompanied by a certificate of origin).	Naphthol, naphthylamines, naphthylaminesulphonic acids, etc.
Cresol and cresol preparations, including creolin and lysol.	Nickel ore.
Dyes made from tar and organic bye-products for producing tar-dyes (such as aniline, naphthol, naphthylamines, naphthylaminesulphonic acids, benzol, cresol and cresol preparations, including creolin and lysol, salicylic acid, etc.).	Nickel, unworked (except that produced in Norway and accompanied by a certificate of origin).
Dynamite percussion caps.	Peat.
Field-glasses.	Percussion caps (dynamite percussion caps).
* Foodstuffs (except fish and fish products, condensed milk, butter, cheese, berries, game, poultry, eggs, coffee, tea, spices, margarine and raw materials for the production of margarine, such as oleo, stock, lard, arachides, cotton, <i>(sic)</i> and cocons).	Pigs.
"Forage, including meal of herrings, of whale meat, and of liver, but not including whale and fish manure.	Reindeer.
Goats.	Rubber, crude (gummi elasticum), and partly worked products thereof.
Gold, minted or unminted. (Gold worked up into jewellery or articles of use may be exported.)	Rubber waste.
Gutta-percha, crude, and partly worked products thereof.	Sacks, empty.†
Hides and skins and their products.	Salicylic acid.
Horses (living).	Sheep.
Horse shoes.	Silver, minted or unminted. (Silver worked up into jewellery or articles of use may be exported.)
Jute, raw.	Skins and their products.
Jute products and jute waste.	Skis and ski-sledges.
	Sulphur and flowers of sulphur.
	Tanning material.
	Tinplates (including decorated tin, parts of tinplates, worked tin, and ready-made tin packing).
	Tyres for motor cars and for cycles.
	Wire, barbed.
	Wool and woollen goods (including all sorts of woollen waste).

NOTES.

(1) All articles required for a ship about to undertake a voyage may be exported for the use of the ship in spite of the prohibition.

* The terms "foodstuffs" and "forage" include everything used for nourishing men or animals.

† The Board of Trade and the Committee for the Restriction of the Enemy's Supplies have copies of this law.

‡ Permission to export is granted when the sacks have entered Norway containing goods and are proved to belong to the exporters of such goods and also when the sacks are urgently required by foreign firms who are shipping goods to Norway.

(2) As regards transit, all the above goods coming to Norway consigned to a foreign destination can be re-exported without special permission. Such foreign goods consigned to a place in Norway cannot, on the other hand, be re-exported without permission, even if they were intended for re-export.

(3) The Norwegian Government reserve to themselves the right to grant, in exceptional cases, permission to export any of the prohibited articles.

SWEDEN.

LIST OF ARTICLES THE EXPORT OF WHICH IS PROHIBITED.

2nd February 1915.

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| <p>Acetylsalicylic acid.
 Aloes.
 Ammunition. (See Gunpowder.)
 Antifebrine.
 Arecoline and its salts.
 Arms. (See Weapons.)
 Articles of sheet iron. (See iron sheets.)
 Atropine and its salts.
 Balata, unworked.
 Bandaging articles, with the exception of cellulose wadding, bandage gauze, charpie, and preparations thereof.
 Beans. (See Cereals, unground.)
 Bismuth salts.
 Blankets (woollen), in the piece or made up.
 Boots (men's boots of greased leather).
 Bongies.
 Bran (of oats, wheat, maize, rice, rye, and other kinds).
 *Brass cup-shaped materials for making cartridges. (<i>The transit of these articles through Sweden is also prohibited. See note on p. 13.</i>)
 Brass rods (even in bundles or rings), rolled or hammered, but not further worked.
 Brass wire, drawn.
 Bread, not specially mentioned (including dog biscuits).
 Bromine salts (alkaline).
 Caffeine.
 Camphor, refined.
 Carbolic acid, cresol and metacresol.
 *Carriages and vehicles without motors, for carrying goods; carriages and vehicles with motors, for carrying passengers or goods. (<i>The transit of these articles through Sweden is also prohibited. See note on p. 13.</i>)
 Cartridges, etc. (See Gunpowder.)
 Catgut.
 Cereals, unground (rye, wheat, barley, oats, vetches, peas and beans, malt (even if crushed), maize), other cereals, unground.</p> | <p>Cereals, ground (flour and groats of oats, wheat, barley, maize, rye, and other cereals; including flour and groats of arrowroot and other vegetables not specified elsewhere).
 Chloroform.
 Cinchona bark.
 Citric acid.
 Coal (anthracite, gas-, coke-, steam, and other coal); peat; coke; wood; charcoal; briquettes (of coal or peat); other fuel not specially mentioned (not including unmanufactured retort carbon).
 Cocaine chloride.
 Codeine. (See Morphine.)
 Copper, unmanufactured, or in the rough, produced electrolytically; scrap copper.
 *<i>Copper and brass cup-shaped materials for making cartridges. (The transit of these articles through Sweden is also prohibited. See note on p. 13.)</i>
 Copper and brass rods (even in bundles or rings), rolled or hammered, but not further worked.
 Copper and brass wire, drawn.
 Copper sheets and bands, at least 3 mm. thick rolled or pressed, even without edges—rectangular or other kinds.
 Cresol and metacresol. (See Carbolic acid.)
 Crucibles of graphite composition.
 Diethylmalonylcarbonide and its salts.
 Digitalis leaves and senna leaves.
 Explosives. (See Gunpowder.)
 Fats:—Animal fats not elsewhere included, such as spermaceti, blubber of marine animals, bone-fat; wool-fat, also lanoline; degreas (tanners' fat).
 Fats:—Vegetable fats, such as palm oil, palmit oil, cocoa-nut oil, cocoa butter, Japan wax and other vegetable fatty substances, which under ordinary temperature do not as a rule assume a liquid form.</p> |
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- Feeding-stuffs (cattle foods) not specially mentioned such as brewers' grains and wasa gluten food, meal of maize cakes and other oil cakes and maize germ meal, even if with admixture of animal substances.
- Ferronmanganese
- Firearms. (See Weapons.)
- Flax, hackled or not; flax waste; flax tow
- Flour. (See Cereals, ground.)
- Fuels (other fuels not specially mentioned).
- Furriers' goods (of dogs, reindeer, wolves, or common sheep, *viz.*, not dressed, dressed, loose, dressed skins, sewn together, and partly manufactured articles, such as linings; finished articles having fur for their covering or lining, such as caps, muffs, boas, fur coats, cloaks, and carriage aprons).
- Gloves. (See Woollen goods)
- *Glycerine, raw or purified (*The transit of these articles through Sweden is also prohibited. See note on p. 13.*)
- †Gold and silver coin and ingots
- Grease (engine and cart grease)
- Groats of cereals. (See Cereals, ground)
- Groats, not specially mentioned (sago and other groats)
- *Gunpowder, common, gun cotton, smokeless powder, dynamite and other explosives not specially mentioned, detonating caps, ignition caps, igniting material not specially mentioned, for projectiles and guns, such as percussion and precipitation fuses, time fuses, double fuses, detonators and primers, cartridges not specially mentioned (loaded or not); safety fuse and blasting fuse (*The transit of these articles through Sweden is also prohibited. See note on p. 13.*)
- Gutta-percha, unworked
- Hay.
- Hemp, hackled or not; hemp waste; hemp tow.
- Hexametylenetetramin
- †Hides and skins which cannot be classed as furriers' goods, not dressed, *viz.*, cattle hides, fresh or salted, not cleaned weighing more than 14 kilogs. each, and all cattle hides, fresh or salted cleaned or divided; cattle hides dry or lined, not cleaned, weighing more than 3 kilogs each, and all cattle hides, dry or lined, cleaned or divided.
- Hides and skins, which cannot be classed as furriers' goods, dressed and partly dressed, *viz.*, sole and insole leather, and walrus and hippopotamus hides [joint leather, cleaned; leather for machine beltings whole and half hides and pieces thereof], and other kinds weighing at least 1 kilog. net per article.
- Horses (including foals, stallions, etc.)
- Hydrogen, peroxide of
- Iodine, potassium iodide and sodium iodide.
- Iodoform.
- Ipecacuanha root, rhizoma veratri (white hellebore root), and senega root
- Iron plates or sheets, cut or uncut, coated with pure tin or with tin containing lead.
- Iron sheets or plates; articles of, not specially mentioned in the Tariff—other kinds (*viz.*, other than gut, silvered, enamelled, coated with nickel, copper, brass, or bronze, or lacquered), weighing less than 1 kilog. net per article or per than parts of machines
- Jerseys. (See Woollen goods.)
- Jute and jute waste
- Jute tissues, without admixture of any other textile (including sackings and pack cloth).
- Jute yarn, without admixture of any other textile, of any diameter.
- Lead, manufactured sheets pipes and parts of pipes, wire and mesh, also rods, and lead wool.
- *Lead shot and bullets. (*The transit of these articles through Sweden is also prohibited. See note on p. 13.*)
- *Lead unmanufactured, or scrap (*The transit of these articles through Sweden is also prohibited. See note on p. 13.*)
- Leather and skin; pieces, stamped or cut out, but not further manufactured, not specially mentioned. Of sole or insole leather, backs of horse hides and parts thereof; other kinds [lacquered or bronzed gold and silver] leather, and other kinds, including also bands, etc. if pieced together; (uppers for boots, other kinds).
- Leather manufactures (See Boots and Saddlers' goods.)
- Lyso (cresol soap solution)
- Macaroni
- Mat, even if crushed.
- Mercury and salts thereof
- Mineral oils. (See Oils.)

+ Travelers may take with them 200 k. in gold and silver coin

† It is understood that the prohibition also applies to undressed hides of goats, sheep, and lambs, but not to horsehides

Morphine and other products of opium, such as codeine, etc.

Motorcar (See Carriages)

*Motor cycles, finished and parts thereof, not specially mentioned (*The transit of these articles through Sweden is also permitted. See note on p. 13*)

Nickel, or an fractured or crude

Oakum

Oil cake (cotton seed cakes, hemp seed cakes, earthen cakes, pressed cakes, rape and turnip seed cakes, soyabean cakes, sunflower seed cakes, others), cakes made of maize flour pressed or beaten, acorns, green or not, also arachides or earthen

Oils. Animal oils (such as train oil, sperm-oil, lard oil, and of all kinds)

Oils. Lubricating and consisting of a mixture of fatty oil and mineral oil, provided the latter is the chief component, also other lubricating substances not specially mentioned containing fat or oil

Oils. Mineral oils, native or crude (petroleum waste (mascut) and other kinds), mineral oils purified, illuminating oils, lubricating oils, light or dark petroleum, benzine, gasoline and other kinds, paraffin, crude or purified, mineral wax (ozokerite) ceresine

Oil. Vegetable fatty oils (linseed oil, raw or boiled also linseed oil acid, turnip and rape-seed oil and turnip and rape-seed oil acids, olive oil, earthen or arachides oil, sesame oil and cotton seed oil, in other kinds of oil, not falling under any other heading in the Tariff, such as castor oil, hemp oil, maize oil, and soyabean oil.

Opium, opium tincture, and other preparations of opium for medicinal purposes (See also Morphine.)

Parafomaldehyde

Pease (See Cereals, unground)

Peroxide of hydrogen.

Petrol and petroleum. (See Oils, mineral)

Phenacetine.

Physostigmin

Potassium iodide

Potatoes (even cut and dried)

Potato starch

Quicksilver (See Mercury.)

Quinine and its salts.

Rags.

Rice, unhusked, or with the outer husk only removed.

Rice, ground (groats and flour).

Rubber, raw, also so-called reclaimed rubber.

Rubber articles for medical or hygienic use

Rubber, manufactures of soft tyres, solid, even if in lengths, and of tires for motor car tyres and parts thereof, of soft rubber alone or in combination with other materials.

Rubber jute rope, used or new including so-called dropping socks.

Saddlery goods even if of textile materials and other manufactures not specially mentioned, of leather or skin, even if in combination with other materials such as harness, saddles, tops whips, razor straps, etc., also boxing and fencing gloves, whatever the nature of the material

Salicylic acid and salicylic acid salts.

Salt common (chloride of sodium), rock salt in pieces or ground, marine salt, saline salt (so-called dairy salt) and table salt

Salvarsan and neo-salvarsan.

Serums and vaccine.

Silk for surgical use

†Silver and gold coin and ingots

Skins (See Hides)

Ski staves of cane

Skins and ski staves of wood.

Soap cresol soap solution lysol

Sodium iodide.

Spegeisen.

Stockings. (See Woollen goods)

Straw

Sublimable pastilles

Sulphur spirit.

Suture needles.

Tannic acid.

Tanning materials, vegetable such as oakbark, myrobolans and quebracho wood, whole or in pieces grated, ground, or otherwise divided, and tanning extracts, liquid or solid, also galls.

†Tartrate saccharatus (emetic salt)

†Tribromine salicylate of sodium

Thermometers (clinical)

Timber, unmanufactured, of aspen

Tinplates and articles thereof (see Iron)

Tissues of wool. (See Woollen tissues)

Flax and hemp).

Tyres (see Rubber)

Vaseline (even if artificial)

Vermorel

† Travellers may take with them 300 kr in gold or silver coin

† The following tissues are specially mentioned in the Tariff, and are therefore excepted from the prohibition, viz., press cloth, machine felt, endless or woven round for factory use, carpets mats and

*War material not specially mentioned, and parts thereof: armour plate, and other kinds, such as cannon, howitzers, and mortars, projectiles, cartridge cases (empty or fitted with ammunition ready for use), gun carriages, limber carriages and ammunition waggons, torpedoes, and other war materials. (*The transit of these articles through Sweden is also prohibited. See Note on this page.*)

*Wax. (See Oils, mineral and fats.)

Weapons: Fists, sabres, cut-throats, bayonets, and similar weapons (with or without the scabbards belonging to them), also parts thereof, even gilt, silvered, nickelled, or etched. Fire arms of all kinds including revolvers and pistols, machine guns and battery guns without carriages, also finished parts of such arms. (*The transit of these articles through Sweden is also prohibited. See Note on this page.*)

Wool: Undyed and dyed sheep's wool; artificial wool (shoddy and mungo), undyed and dyed, wool waste, including so-called wool dust (whether undyed or dyed).

Woollen blankets, in the piece, or made up, even if hemmed and bordered.

Woollen goods: Men's woollen gloves, men's woollen stockings, men's jerseys of stocking-loom work, so-called Iceland jerseys, sewn or not, woollen goods, not specially mentioned in the Tariff weighing more than 500 grammes per metre, cut or stamped out, but without other sewing work.

Woollen tissues, of kinds not specially mentioned in the Tariff,* weighing more than 500 grammes per square metre.

Woollen yarns (containing at least 10 per cent of wool).

Yarn of jute, yarns of wool (containing at least 10 per cent of wool)

Wool: velvet and plush, made-up tissues not specially mentioned [except made-up woollen blankets], double-mounted tissues, not combined with other textile materials unbleached or bleached, weighing 100 grammes or less per square metre. Dress cloths weighing 800 grammes or more per square metre containing threads wholly or partly of silk the silk not exceeding 3 per cent of the total weight of tissue.

NOTE

As a general rule, goods in transit through Sweden will not be detained or interfered with, even if their exportation from Sweden is prohibited, provided that they are accompanied by a bill of lading clearly indicating the ultimate (non-Swedish) destination.

As an exception to this rule, however, the transit through Sweden of arms, ammunition, and other war materials is prohibited. The articles to which this prohibition of transit applies are indicated by a cross (*) in the list printed above.

DENMARK.

LIST OF ARTICLES THE EXPORTATION OF WHICH IS PROHIBITED.

February 9th, 1915

Aluminium. (See Materials, raw.)
Ammonia sulphate. (See Manures.)
Ammunition of all kinds, and distinctive component parts, thereof.
Antimony. (See Materials, raw.)
Arms. (See Weapons.)
Artificial manures. (See Manures.)
Bandages, surgical, and dressings (including tarred jute and hygroscopic cotton wool).
Barbed wire.
Beans. (See Fodder stuffs.)
Benzine. (Petrol.)
Bilberries dried.
Bones, raw and calcined, bone dust. (See Manures.)

Bran. (See Fodder stuffs.)
Brass plates, brass bars, old brass. (See Materials, raw.)
Bread. (See Flour).
Cables, electric.
Carrots. (See Fodder stuffs.)
Cattle foods. (See Fodder stuffs.)
Cereals.
Chrome ore.
Clover seed.
Coal and coke.
*Copper all kinds old and new. (See Materials raw.)
Copra.
Corn offals. (See Fodder stuffs.)
Cotton and cotton yarn.

*The term "copper" includes all kinds of copper, also manufactured copper [December 4, 1914]

- Cotton waste.
 Dressings. (See Bandages.)
 Drugs of all kinds. (All goods specified in the Decree of 1st August, 1914, concerning goods dealt in by apothecaries.)
 Earth nuts.
 Electric cables.
 Explosives and gunpowder, as well as raw materials for their manufacture [including sulphur, sulphuric acid, saltpetre (including Chile saltpetre), nitric acid and glycerine].
 Ferrocane; ferro-silicon.
 Flour including bread of all kinds.
 Fodder stuffs (including oil cakes, hay, straw, malt-germs crushed soya beans, bran, corn offals, carrots, swedes, peas both cooking and fodder peas), beans lentils.
 † Fuel-stuffs (coal coke petroleum of all kinds, benzene and other materials for fuel).
 Glycerine. [See Lubricants and Explosives raw materials for their manufacture.]
 Gold and silver coin, or bars (including foreign coinage of gold and silver)‡, silver in plates and gold in leaves.
 Groats.
 Gunpowder. (See Explosives.)
 Haematite iron ore. Lamatite pig iron iron pyrites.
 Hay. (See Fodder stuffs.)
 Hides (raw cattle hides and salted calfskins of at least 5 kilogrammes weight).
 Hides and skins, prepared (except goatskins).
 Horses, including foals and colts.
 Instruments and apparatus, designed exclusively for the manufacture of munitions of war or for the manufacture or repair of arms or materials for warfare by land or sea.
 Iron nails galvanised for ships' use. (See Materials, raw.)
 Iron ore (haematite, pig iron haematite, iron pyrites).
 Iron plates, tinned or galvanised. (See Materials, raw.)
 Lamb and sheep skins, prepared and unprepared.
 ‡ Lard.
 Lead of all kinds, old and new. See Materials raw.
 Leather.
 Leather goods not fully worked including all semi-manufactured leather goods which are merely cut out, stuck or sewn together.
 Lentils. See Fodder stuffs.
 Linseed.
 Lubricants including vaseline and glycerine.
 Malt and malt-germs.
 Manganese peroxide.
 † Manures, manufactured artificial manures, including superphosphates, blood manure, bone dust, sulphate of ammonia, and raw materials for the manufacture of manure including raw and calcined bones and gas water.
 Margarine.
 Materials, raw, for building or repairing iron or steel ships as also for the manufacture of arms or ammunition including all aluminium antimony, lead of all kinds, old and new, tinned or galvanised iron plates, galvanised iron nails for ships' use, copper of all kinds, old and new, brass plates, brass bars, old brass nickel unworked, tin of all kinds, old and new, zinc in blocks or sheets.
 Materials, raw for making powder and explosives [including sulphur, sulphuric acid, saltpetre (including Chile saltpetre), nitric acid, and glycerine].
 Meal (including flaked maize, sago rice, and buckwheat meal).
 Medicinal stores. (See Drugs.)
 Mineral oils, etc. (See Fuel-stuffs.)
 Motor spirit. (See Fuel-stuffs.)
 Motor tyres.
 Motor vehicles and motor cycles (including their component parts, also tubes and covers).
 Nickel ore.
 Nickel, unworked. (See Materials, raw.)

† All the preparations covered by the expression "mineral oils and motor spirit," distillates of mineral oils, such as petroleum liquid, fuel gas oil, etc., come within the scope of the prohibition [December 4 1914].

NOTE.—Travellers may carry with them gold and silver coins not exceeding 200 rupees in value.

‡ This prohibition does not apply to Danish-produced lard for technical uses (i.e., lard not suitable for human consumption, but used for technical and industrial purposes such as soap making, etc., packed in a special manner and marked "inedible").

† Raw and pulverised mineral are not included within the scope of prohibition.

Nitric acid [See explosives (raw materials for their manufacture)].	Steamers, vegetable, for the manufacture of margarine.
Oil-cake. (See Fodder stuffs)	Straw. (See Fodder stuffs).
Oils, mineral (See Fuel stuffs)	Sulphate of ammonia. (See Manures.)
Oils and steamers, vegetable, for the manufacture of margarine.	Sulphur [See Explosives (raw materials for their manufacture)].
Palm kernels.	Sulphuric acid.
Pease (both cooking and fodder pease).	Superphosphates (See Manures.)
Peroxide of manganese.	Swedes (See Fodder stuffs)
Petrol.	Tanning materials.
Petroleum of all kinds.	Tin of all kinds, old and new. (See Materials, raw)
Pig iron (haematite)	Tinned or galvanized iron plates. (See Materials, raw.)
Pigskins	Turpentine oil, rectified and unrectified.
Potatoes (except potatoes accompanied by a certificate issued by the Inspector of Infectious Diseases of Plants appointed by the Ministry of Agriculture)	Tyres motor).
Rags (woollen and half woollen,	Vaseline. (See Lubricants)
Raw materials for building or repairing iron or steel ships, or for the manufacture or repair of arms or ammunition (See Materials, raw)	Vegetable oils and steamers for the manufacture of margarine.
Resin rice, meal	Waste cotton (cleaning waste)
Rubber, raw.	Weapons of all kinds (including sporting guns, and destructive component parts thereof)
Sack cloth of jute	Wire, barbed.
Sacks, empty (cotton and jute).	Wood, in blocks, beams and boards
Saltpetre, including Chile saltpetre. [See Explosives (raw materials for their manufacture)].	Wool (sheep and lambs).
Sesame seed.	Woollen and half woollen rags and shoddy
Shoddy.	Woollen and worsted yarn.
Silver and gold coin* or bullion (including foreign coins*), silver in plates	Woolen goods, woven and knitted, woollen tricottage goods, whatever be the proportion of wool contained therein.
Skins (lamb and sheep skins, prepared or not prepared)	Yarns -woollen and worsted
Soya beans	Zinc, in blocks or sheets. (See Materials, raw)

* NOTE. Travellers may carry with them gold and silver coins not exceeding 200 kroner in value.

NOTE. As regards goods in transit and transshipment goods (in the Copenhagen free port and all other Danish harbours), all such goods, if of a kind prohibited to be exported from Denmark, are covered by the prohibition unless they are on a through bill of lading to a port in foreign non-Danish country.

The prohibition is therefore applicable in cases where the goods are either shipped to a Danish port to order, or where the goods are re-destined to a port or port than the one originally mentioned in the bill of lading (unless it is only a question of re-destination to another port in the same country)

NETHERLANDS.

LIST OF ARTICLES THE EXPORT OF WHICH IS PROHIBITED

January 25th, 1915.

Acetone.	Barbed wire.
Ammonium sulphate, ammonium superphosphates. (See Fertilizers.)	Barley and all products derived therefrom.
Ammunition and gunpowder.	Beans. (See Pulse.)
Automobiles and parts thereof and motor cycles	Benzine
Blanketing articles and materials therefor.	Blankets and blanket material, woollen.
	Bones.
	Bread*

* The Dutch military authorities are empowered to allow the export of certain quantities of bread for supplying the daily requirements of the population in foreign territory in the immediate vicinity of the Dutch frontier, if such population are unable to obtain bread in their own country or can only do so under very onerous circumstances

Briquettes (except charcoal briquettes).	Lard (See Fat).
Buckwheat and all products derived therefrom.	Lead and its alloys
Butter, not controlled by the State	Leather (i.e., wholly or partly finished manufactures of leather such as men's shoes, harness saddles, knapsacks, and further articles of equipment, and such raw materials as sole leather, upper leather, harness leather, saddle leather, chrome leather, etc., for military purposes, and not including driving belts and leather for driving belts)
Butter controlled by the State, except under permit.	Linon yarns
Calcium acetate, calcium cyanamide (nitrogen lime) and calcium nitride (lime nitrogen) (See Fertilizers.)	Linseed, linseed-cake, linseed meal.
Cattle, living.	Liquid fuel
Cheese [†] .	Lubricating oils.
Chile saltpetre (See Fertilizers)	Maize, and products derived therefrom.
Cloth military, and clothing made therefrom	Malt waste
Coal.	Manures. (See Fertilizers.)
Cocoa beans, raw	Meal of pulse
Copper and alloys thereof.	Meat-meal
Cotton seed (see Oilseeds), cotton-seed cake, cotton seed meal.	Medicines, bandaging articles and materials for making them, with the exception of the following: theobromine, duresnam, cinchona bark and products thereof, sulphate of quinine, alkaloid compounds of quinine, salts of quinine coca, cocaine, cubebs.
Cotton waste	Military cloth and clothing made therefrom
Cotton yarn and raw cotton	Molasses
Engine oil (See Oil, machine)	Motor cars and parts thereof, including tyres.
Ether	Motor cycles.
Fat—raw, salted, dried and smoked fat of pigs (lard), melted and unmelted fat of pigs and cattle, and mixtures of these fats with each other and with other edible fats [‡] (See also Tallow)	Nitrate of lime (lime saltpetre); nitrate of sodium (Chile saltpetre. See Fertilizers)
Fertilizers:—Chile saltpetre, lime saltpetre (nitrate of lime), lime nitrogen (calcium nitride), nitrogen lime (calcium cyanamide), ammonia sulphate, ammonia superphosphates, guano and other nitrogenous fertilizers and superphosphate.	Nitride of calcium (lime nitrogen). (See Fertilizers.)
Flannel (except cotton flannel) and underwear made therefrom.	Oats and all products derived therefrom.
Flour	Oil, gas.
Force feeding cake, and meal and waste thereof.	Oil, machine and lubricating.
Fuel liquid.	Oil-seeds (except caraway seed, mustard seed and blue poppy seed).
Gas-oil.	Peas. (See Pulse.)
Gold coin and bullion.	Petroleum
Grain waste	Pigs living
Ground-nut cake and ground-nut meal.	Potatoes.
Guano. (See Fertilizers.)	Poultry, alive or dead.
Gunpowder.	Pulp, dried and sugar pulp
Half-woollen (mixed woollen) goods.	Pulse and pulse-meal.
Hay.	Pulse seeds, preparations and preserve of Pyrites.
Hides and skins.	
Hogwash, dried.	
Horses	
Jute, raw, jute cloth and jute yarns	

[†] In practice, cheese is allowed to be exported to a limited extent. Generally speaking, every registered cheese merchant is now allowed to export cheese, provided that his stock available for home (British) consumption is maintained at 80 per cent of the stock held on the day of his original registration.

[‡] This prohibition is intended to prevent the exportation of Dutch and foreign pig fat (lard) sold in the form of whole sides or parts of sides, but not to include the exportation of other raw or prepared pork in the shape of slaughtered pigs, salted hief pigs, ham, bacon, head sausages, canned pork, etc. The prohibition does not apply to the export of mixtures of pig and cattle fat with oils, not to the export of products of such fats which are used in the manufacture of margarine etc., lardine, artificial fat, compound lard, neutral lard oleomargarine premier j's etc.

Rags, woollen	Surgical instruments
Rape seed, rape cake, rapeseed-meal	Tallow ¹ .
Rice, Rice waste, and meal	Tanning materials and extracts of tan.
Resin	Tar
Rye and products derived therefrom	Tyres (as parts of automobiles)
Sacks, empty ²	Vaseline
Salt	Vehicles for horse traction.
Saltpetre, Chile, saltpetre, and (see Fertilizers).	Waste of grain
Sheep fleeces.	Wheat and spelt and all products derived therefrom.
Shoddy, artificial wool.	Wine, barbed.
Sodium nitrate (Chile saltpetre (see Fertilizers).	Wool waste
Spelt and all products derived therefrom	Wool, raw and washed.
Straw	Woollen blankets and blanket material.
Sugar and sugar pulp.	Woollen or half woollen goods.
Sugar beets.	Woollen rags
Sulphate of ammonia (see Fertilizers).	Woollen yarns and woollen yarns mixed.
Sulphuric acid.	Yarn - cotton, jute, linen, woolen, and mixed.
Superphosphates (see Fertilizers)	

NOTE.—The Crown reserves to itself the right to grant exceptions in certain cases from the above prohibitions, and a Royal Decree of 28th August authorises the Netherlands Minister of War to grant in special cases exemptions from any prohibitions to export specified goods issued or to be issued.

¹ Sacks which have been imported into the Netherlands filled and which it is desired to export empty may be so exported after the necessary permission has been obtained. In order to obtain this permission it must be proved that an equal number of sacks of the same sort, filled, was previously imported from the country to which the empty sacks are destined.

² Denatured tallow (tallow unfit for consumption) is not prohibited.

ITALY.

LIST OF ARTICLES THE EXPORTATION OF WHICH IS PROHIBITED.

10th February 1915

Acetic acid and acetates.	Bran
Acetone.	Brass and bronze.
Acid, salicylic	Bread and snips biscuits.
Aeroplanes, and parts thereof (see Vehicles).	Cables, steel, of high tensile strength.
Alum, chrome	Calcium carbide, calcium cyanamide.
Aluminium.	Carbolic acid
Anthracite	Carbonate of sodium.
Antimony.	Carob beans.
Arms. (See Munitions of war)	Carriages of all kinds. (See Vehicles)
Asbestos and articles thereof.	Cast iron scrap.
Bacon.	Cattle
Barley	Cereals, not named
Beet-root pulp.	Cheese hard paste. ¹
Benzine, petrol.	Chrome alum.
Benzol.	Clothing and equipment for troops, as well as prepared hides, cloths, and generally all materials required for the manufacture of such articles.
Bone, horn, and other similar materials, raw	

¹ Cheese land export up to 2,000 tons allowed. (September 27)

² A circular of August 8th provides that this prohibition does not apply to raw hemp, cotton, flax, and cotton in bolls, raw wool, and kind of raw materials of all kinds for women's clothing, fancy stuffs for men's clothing, silk tissues, velvets, muslins, printed cotton tissues, and such colored cotton tissues as cannot be used for military clothing. On the other hand, bleached or unbleached cotton tissues suitable for the manufacture of men's body linen or bed linen, cloths for military uniforms, tissues for tents, lags, and tissues for making tarpaulins, cloth of all kinds, and articles of body linen and knitted wares which can be used for any purposes are prohibited to be exported. It is understood, however, that the export of raw hemp, cotton, and wool has since been prohibited although certain quantities of raw hemp are now allowed to be exported from Naples and Bologna.

Coal	Manganese and manganese ore
Cocoa and the bean	Materials, lubricating
Coffee †	Materials, prime for the manufacture of clothing and equipment for troops.
Cork	Materials, rubber-lined
Copra and other resins	Material, sanitary in general
Copper ‡	Meal.
Copper sulphate	Meat fresh (including frozen, and mutton and beef in tins or otherwise prepared)
Cylinders, for compressed gas	Medicines and sanitary material in general.
Darbies and spare parts thereof (See Vehicles.)	Medicinal instruments and articles.
Donkeys.	Mules
Edible pastes such as macaroni and vermicelli	Munitions of war, namely guns, rifles, carbines, revolvers, pistols, swords and other arms, (fire arms or side-arms), of all kinds munitions of war, military equipment of every sort, and in general, everything which, without further manipulation, can be of immediate use for military or naval armaments
Eggs	Nickel and its alloys.
Equipment and clothing for troops, as well as prepared hides cloths, and, generally, all materials required for the manufacture of such articles.†	Nitrate of potassium nitrate of sodium.
Ferulae.	Nitric acid.
Flour and meal	Oats.
Glycerine	Oil and seed cakes.
Gold (bullion) and coin.	Oil cakes from nuts and other materials
Gutta serena (raw)	Pastes edible, such as vermicelli and macaroni
Hæmatite and other iron.	Petrol
Hay.	Petroleum
Hides, prepared. (See clothing and equipment for troops)	Picric acid
Hides and skins, raw (but excluding goat and lamb skins, whether raw or tanned, for glove making)	Pigeons, live
Horn, bone and other similar materials, raw	Potatoes.
Horses	Potassium, nitrate.
India rubber (raw)	Pulse
Iron and steel plates coated with tin or zinc	Pyrites.
Iron (hæmatite and other) including iron in casts	Bags, wooden
Iron (scrap)	Railways, portable (including both rails and cars)
Iron metallic alloys *	Resins, coprophany and other
Iron pyrites	Rice. ‡
Jute (raw) †	Rubber (raw India rubber)
Lard	Rubber lined materials.
Lead.	Rye
Lubricating materials	
Machine tools	
Maise	

‡ The exportation of coffee lying in free deposit has been authorised up to 15 per cent of the amounts now stored, and to 50 per cent of any future quantities deposited. (October 23)

† Under this head the export of single or double conducting cords, for telegraphic and telephone installations is prohibited, but not that of electric cables and wires which can be used only for common current as a solution for illumination or heating. — (Circular of August 8)

* Metallic iron alloys include, according to Italian export regulations, metallic iron alloys include manganese iron containing more than 30 per cent of manganese, manganese silicon iron containing more than 30 per cent of silicon and manganese together, aluminium iron containing more than 10 per cent of aluminium, chrome iron containing more than 10 per cent of chrome, silicon iron containing more than 4 per cent of silica, tungsten iron. As regards spiegelisen there is doubt as to whether it is included in the prohibition but it probably will be so regarded.

† The prohibition covers raw jute empty bags of jute and tissues of jute for bags and similar articles (see note † above).

‡ No further discussion from the prohibition to export rice can be considered. — (January 5, 1915)

Sacks and sack cloth. (See Note 1 on page 1.)
 Sundry materials in general.
 Scrap-iron (fragments of iron, cast-iron and steel).
 Senoma.
 Sheep.
 Ship's biscuit.
 Silicon.
 Sodium carbonate, sodium nitrate.
 Steel armour.
 Steel cables of high tensile strength.
 Straw.
 Sugar (other than sugared products).
 Sulphate of copper.
 Sulphuric acid, sulphuric anhydride.
 Tar.
 Timber, (including timber specially adapted for aeronautic construction).
 Tin.

Trampships. (See Iron and steel plates.)
 Turpentine oil (*acqua da rapia*).
 Tyres. See Vehicles.
 Valonia.
 Vaseline.
 Vegetables dry. (See Pulse.)
 Vehicles of all kinds, including aeroplanes and dirigibles, as well as separate motors and spare parts belonging to them (including pneumatic tyres), rubber lined materials, cylinders for compressed gas, steel cables of high tensile strength, and timber specially adapted for aeronautic construction.
 Weapons. (See Munitions of war.)
 Wheat.
 Wool. (See Note 1 on page 1.)
 Woollen, rags and waste.
 Zinc.

Notes. Except as to the above prohibitions may be made by the Minister of Finance with the approval of the President of the Council of Ministers and of the Ministers of Agriculture, Industry and Commerce. *Decree of August 1, 1914.*

The prohibition of exportation covers re-exportation from warehouse or in discharge of "temporary" and "special" permits. *Decree of August 6, 1914.*

Merchandise the exportation of which is prohibited, cannot be re-exported to foreign countries under process of transit through ports if it has arrived in an Italian port with bills of lading indicating Italy as the original destination or if there is no clear indication of destination.

For this purpose, consignments provided with bills of lading "to order" not indicating by name a foreign non-Italian destination and those having only bills of lading "to bearer" will be considered as restricted for the internal use of the State (i.e. in Italy). *Decree of November 13, 1914.*

FRANCE

LISTE DES PRODUITS FRAPPÉS DE PROHIBITION.

January 10th, 1915

[Décrets du 21 décembre 1914 et 10 janvier 1915]

Extended to Colonies (except Morocco and Tunis) by Decree of January 7, 1915)

Acetone.
 Acide acétique et ses médicaments.
 Acide nitrique.
 Acide salicylique.
 Acide sulfurique.
 Aciers spéciaux.
 Aeroplanes et aérostats et pièces détachées.
 Appareils appareils de navires.
 Alcool amylique, méthylique et éthylique.
 Alumine anhydre et hydratée et sels d'alumine.
 Ammonium minéral et métallique pur ou allié.
 Antimoine minéral et métallique pur ou allié.
 Antipyrine.
 Appareils de télégraphie.
 Armes de guerre de toutes sortes.

Aspirine.
 Atropine.
 Bâtimens à voiles, à vapeur ou à moteur à explosion.
 Bœufs.
 Betteraves destinées à la fabrication du sucre.
 Beurre (9th January Export reported to be permitted to United Kingdom and Spain).
 Bismuth et ses sels bismuthés.
 Bois de construction.
 Bois de fusil.
 Bois de noyer brut, équarri ou scié.
 Bonnetterie de laine (voir laine).
 Bourrette de soie en masse ou peignée et blousées de soie en masse ou peignées à l'exception des tussahs, fils de bourrette et de blousées de soie non tints,

- tissus de bourrelets et de blouses de soie pure non teinte ni imprimée, ni apprêtées.
- Brais de résines colopouanes essence de terebenthine.
- Brome et bromures.
- Cacao, chocolat.
- Caféine.
- Camphre.
- Caoutchouc balata, gutta-percha, bruts ou refondus en masse y compris les déchets de caoutchouc et l'ébonite.
- Carbure de calcium.
- Chanvre broyé ou teillé, en étoupes et peigne, chanvre en fils.
- Charbon de bois.
- Clarois pour l'électricité.
- Chevaux, ânes et ânesses mâles et muets.
- Chloral.
- Chlorates et perchlorates.
- Chlorotome.
- Chlorure de chaux.
- Chutes, ferrailles et débris de vieux ouvrages de fonte, de fer et d'acier.
- Cocaine.
- Collodion.
- Conserves de viandes en boîtes, à l'exception des abats et des mélanges de viandes et d'autres produits.
- Cotons et déchets de coton.
- Couvertures de laine (voir laine).
- Creosote de bois.
- Cuivre, minerais ou métal pur ou allié, chaudronnerie et tubes en cuivre.
- Déchets de fils de coton.
- Eau oxygénée.
- Ecorce de quinquina.
- Effets d'habillement, de campement, d'équipement et de harnachement militaires.
- Étain, minéral et métal pur ou allié.
- Éthers sulfurique et acétique.
- Farineux alimentaires de toutes sortes, à l'exception du millet, des marrons, châtaignes et leurs farines, du pain de gluten et des pommes de terre de semence en caissettes.
- Ferro-chrome, ferro-nickel et tous alliages ferro-métalliques.
- Fils de laine.
- Fils et câbles isolés pour l'électricité.
- Formol.
- Fourrages, foin, paille.
- Fruits et graines oléagineux.
- Glycérine.
- Goudron minéral et produits chimiques dérivés.
- Graines à ensaïmer (légumineuses, grainées, fourragères et autres graines y compris la jalousie).
- Graisses animales autres que de poissons (sauf, saindoux, lardine, margarine).
- Huiles de ricin et de palme.
- Huiles minérales, brutes, raffinées, essences et lourdes (benzine, benzol, toluène, etc.).
- Iode, iodures et iodoforme.
- Jute fils et sacs.
- Laines de toute nature, à l'exception des rognures de chiffons seuls et des laines d'effilochage.
- Laines peignées ou cardées, teintes ou non; déchets de laines; tissus de laines pour habillement (diaperies et autres); couvertures de laine, bonneterie de laine, objets autres que la ganterie, que les tissus en pièces et que les articles brodés ou ornés.
- Lait concentré pur ou additionné de sucre.
- Levures.
- Limailles et débris de vieux ouvrages de cuivre, d'étain, zinc, purs et alliés.
- Lin brut, teillé, en étoupes et peigne, lin en fils.
- Lorgnettes, autres que de luxe.
- Machines dynamo-électriques.
- Machines et appareils frigorifiques.
- Machines et parties de machines propres à la navigation, à l'aérostation et à l'aviation.
- Magnésium.
- Mercure (minéral et métal).
- Minerais de chrome, de manganèse et de tungstène.
- Minéral de fer.
- Morue sèche et poissons de la côte occidentale d'Afrique séchés dans des conditions analogues à celles de la morue, à l'exception des morues et poissons de l'Inde.
- Nickel minéral ou métal pur ou allié.
- Nitrates et nitrites.
- Oufs de volaille.
- Opium et préparations à base d'opium.
- Peaux brutes et préparées, à l'exception de celles de chevreau et d'agneau, ainsi que des ours noirs exotiques.
- Plaques et papiers photographiques.
- Platine.
- Plomb minéral et métal pur ou allié, tuyaux de plomb.
- Potassium, potasse et sels de potasse.
- Poudres et explosifs assimilés (coton poudre, coton nitre, nitro-glycérine, filin coton, etc.).
- Projeciles et autres munitions de guerre.
- Pyramidon.
- Quinine et ses sels.
- Sel marin, sel de salin et sel gemme, bruts ou raffinés.

Sels de thorium, de cérium et autres sels
de terres rares
Son
Soude caustique
Soufre et pyrites
Sucre bruts raffinés et candis.
Sulfonal
Témoins dérivés du goudron de houille
alcaline, aniline
Theopromine
Tissus propres à la confection des bas, etc.

Tourteaux de graines oléagineuses et droches
pouvant servir à la nourriture du be-
tail
Viandes tranchées et viandes conservées
par un procédé frigorifique
Voitures automobiles, tracteurs de tous
systèmes, pneumatiques et tous objets,
brûles ou mécaniques, de marine na-
vire et militaire ou de transport
Zinc, minéral et métal pur ou allié.

SWITZERLAND

List of articles the export of which is prohibited.

Acid, acetic crude or purified, having an
empyreumatic odour [ex Tariff No
1057]
Acid, acetic, other (containing more than
12 per cent of acetic acid, see Vine-
gar).
Acids, -- Nitric acid mixture of nitric
acid with sulphuric or manganic acid
[Tariff No 1634] hydrochloric (muri-
atic) acid [Tariff No 1035], sulphuric
acid, sulphuric acid dissolved in water
or compressed, also liquefied [Tariff
No. 1036], chlorosulphuric acid (sul-
phuric hydrochloric), oil of vitriol
(fuming sulphuric acid) [Tariff No.
1037], tannic acid, gallic acid, etc
[Tariff No. 1054].
Alcohol
Aluminium and alloys thereof, raw, or in
sheets, bars, plate, wire, etc. [Tariff
Nos 862 865].
Ammunition explosive substances and
pyrogenic articles (articles pyrogena-
ques)
Antimony, native sulphide of antimony.
[Tariff No 876]
Arms and their component parts.
Artificial manures
Bags (sacks) and jute tissues for making
sacks.
Benzine (petrol).
Binoculars, lenticular and prismatic.
[Tariff No 946]
Blankets (woollen)
Bones and bone dust
Boots weighing more than 1,200 gram-
mes the pair (see Military equipment).

Boonmakers' glue.
Bran (see Forage)
Brickettes (see Fuel)
Cables, electric (see Electric Cables).
Calcium nitrate calcium nitrite
Candles, tallow and wax of all kinds,
with the exception of those used for
Christmas trees [Tariff Nos 1135-
1136]
Carbon, retort [ex Tariff No. 645]
Carborundum (raw) [Tariff No 624.]
Catechu including gambier kino [Ta-
riff No 936].
Cattle (horned, sheep and goats)
Cicory roots fresh and dried, roasted
figs. [Tariff No 57]
Chocolate [Tariff No 64]
Clothing for soldiers (see Military equip-
ment)
Coal and coke (see Fuel).
Coffee substitutes of all kinds. [Tariff
No. 56 and ex Tariff No. 163.]
Colophony (purified pine resin). [Tariff
No. 982]
Combed wool
Copper and alloys thereof, raw, or in
sheets, disks, bars, wire plates, etc
[ex Category XI B of the Tariff].
Cordage (old and other waste used in
the Manufacture of paper [Tariff
No. 988]
Cotton unbleached or bleached)
Disinfectants *
Dogs. Military and police dogs
Donkeys

*A decision of the Political Department, in force from the 1st February 1915, notifies that the
following articles are regarded as coming under the heading 'Medicaments and Disinfectants' in the
prohibited export list -

Acetamide (antifebrine)
Acetone.
Acetylsalicylic acid
Adrenaline, natural or artificial, and
other extracts of the suprarenal
glands (suprarenine, paranephine,
epinephrine etc).

Agar.
Aloes.
Aluminium acetotartarate
Antipyrine.
Apomorphine.
Arecoline and its salts
Atropine and its salts.

Balsam of Peru, natural or artificial.
 Bismuth and its salts.
 Bromine and its salts.
 Caffeine and its salts.
 Castor oil.
 Chloroform for narcosis.
 Cinchona bark.
 Citric acid.
 Cocaine and its salts and combinations.
 Codeine and its salts.
 Collodion.
 Cresol and soapy solutions thereof.
 Diethylmalonyl urea and its salts, veronal.
 Dimethylaminoantipyrine, pyramido-ne.
 Dionine.
 Ergot of rye.
 Formaline (formaldehyde, formic aldehyde, formal), liquid.
 Glycerine, pure.
 Heroin.
 Iodine and its salts.
 Iodoform.
 Ipecacuanha root.
 Lanoline (wood grease).
 Mastic.
 Mercury and its salts.

Morphine and its salts.
 Naphthalene.
 Novocain.
 Opium and powder of opium, extracts, tinctures.
 Paprika.
 Paraffin, solid or liquid.
 Paraformaldehyde.
 Permanganate of potash.
 Phenacetin.
 Phenol (carbolic acid), pure.
 Quinine, hydrochlorate and sulphate.
 Rhubarb root.
 Salicylic acid and salicylate of soda.
 Salol.
 Saltpetre.
 Salvarsan, neosalvarsan.
 Santonin.
 Scopolamine (hyoscyne).
 Semen contra.
 Sulphate of copper.
 Sulphuric ether, pure or unrefined.
 Tannin.
 Tartaric acid.
 Theobromine and its salts and combinations.
 Tropacocaine and its combinations.
 Vaseline.

Medicaments and disinfectants other than those specified above are allowed to be exported until further notice.

Electric batteries.
 Electric cables of all kinds and insulated electric wires: of copper, pure or alloyed. [Tariff Nos. 823 to 828.]
 Equipment (military) (see Military equipment).
 Explosives.
 Fats and oils, vegetable and animal, used in industry. [Tariff Nos. 1115-1121.]
 Fats and oils of all kinds, prepared for lubricating purposes. [Tariff No. 1132.]
 Ferrochrome, ferromanganese, ferrotungsten—raw. [Tariff No. 710.]
 Firewood. (See Fuel.)
 Foodstuffs (*dénrées alimentaires*), except the following:—Fresh milk, fresh fish, sugared goods, confectionery, pastry, unsugared breadstuffs, mineral waters, beverages, specialities (such as Maggi's sauces, tomato puree, children's farinaceous foods, ovo-maltine), manufactured tobacco.
 Forage of all kinds (hay, bran, grape and fruit residue, etc.)
 Fuel of all kinds (coal, cake, briquettes, lignite, firewood, etc.)
 Gallic acid, tannic acid, etc., [Tariff No. 1054.]

Gambier (see Catechu).
 Girders (iron).
 Gloves, winter (see Military equipment).
 Glue (shoemakers').
 Grape residue (see Forage).
 Greases (see Fats).
 Gum solution.
 Gunstocks.
 Harness (articles of equipment for horses, mules and donkeys).
 Hay (see Forage).
 Hides and skins.
 Horses.
 Hydrochloric acid. [Tariff No. 1085.]
 India-rubber and substitutes thereof.
 Insulating rubber.
 Iron (scrap) ["*fer (ferraille)*"].
 Iron girders and rails.
 Iron or steel wire of every description.
 Jute tissues for the manufacture of sacks.
 Kaolin. [Tariff No. 639.]
 Kino; catechu, including gambier. [Tariff No. 286.]
 Lead and alloys thereof, whether raw or in sheets, disks, bars, wire, plates, etc. [see Category XI C. of the Tariff.]
 Lead nitrate and nitrite of. [Tariff No. 1006.]

- Leather, unworked, of all kinds; and leather cut out for men's boots.
- Leather parts (cut out or completed) for military equipment and harness.
- Lignite (see Fuel).
- Litter of all kinds.
- Manures (artificial).
- Medicaments* (except serums and vaccines).
- Microphones (see Telephone apparatus).
- Military equipment (clothing and articles of equipment for soldiers, such as underclothes, winter gloves, stocking, men's boots weighing more than 1,200 grammes the pair).
- Minerals oils, tar oils, and resinous oils (petrol, petroleum, petroleum residues, naphtha, turpentine, etc.).
- Motor-cars, component parts of, such as chassis, bodies, etc. [Tariff Nos. 913 b and 914 b.]
- Motors (petrol) for automobiles. [Tariff Nos. 896—898, *ex M. 5.*]
- Mules.
- Munitions of war (see Ammunition).
- Muriatic (hydrochloric) acid. [Tariff No. 1035.]
- Naphtha.
- Nickel and its alloys, whether raw or in sheets, bars, plates, wire, etc. [Tariff Nos. 859—860.]
- Nitrate and nitrite of lead. [Tariff No. 1006.]
- Nitrates, such as:—saltpetre (nitrate of potash), Chile saltpetre (nitrate of soda), nitrate of calcium. [Tariff No. 1020.]
- Nitric acid; mixtures (with sulphuric or hydrochloric acid). [Tariff No. 1034.]
- Nitrites, such as:—nitrite of soda, nitrite of calcium. [Tariff No. 1026.]
- Oil of vitriol (fuming sulphuric acid). [Tariff No. 1037.]
- Oils and fats, vegetable and animal, used in industry. [Tariff Nos. 1115—1121.]
- Oils and fats of all kinds, prepared for lubricating purposes. [Tariff No. 1132.]
- Oils (minerals, tar, resinous).
- Petrol.
- Petroleum and petroleum residues.
- Pitch of coal tar [*ex Tariff No. 991.*]
- Pneumatic or solid rubber tyres for vehicles and cycles.
- Potash, nitrate of (saltpetre) (see Nitrates).
- Poultry.
- Products of all kinds used in laundry washing. [Tariff Nos. 1138—1139.]
- Protoxide of nitrogen (laughing gas), compressed also liquid. [Tariff No. 1017.]
- Provisions (*denrées alimentaires*) (see Foodstuffs).
- Pyrites (sulphur iron). [Tariff No. 707.]
- Pyrolignite of lime [*ex Tariff No. 1021.*]
- Rag pulp. [Tariff No. 289.]
- Rag (cotton and linen); old cordage and other wastes used in the manufacture of paper; waste paper. [Tariff No. 268.]
- Resin (purified pine resin—colophony). [Tariff No. 982.]
- Resinous oils (see Mineral oils).
- Retort carbon [*ex Tariff No. 645.*]
- Rubber (raw) and its substitutes.
- Rubber—Wares of soft rubber, even combined with other materials, with the exception of elastic tissues [*ex Category VII H. of the Tariff.*]
- Sacks, and jute tissues for making them.
- Saltpetre (unrefined). [Tariff No. 163] (see also Nitrates).
- Sanitary materials (excluding medical and surgical instruments, apparatus, and utensils).
- Scrap-iron.
- Searchlights.
- Seeds.
- Ships and vehicles, with or without motors, to carry persons or merchandise (excluding bicycles).
- Shoeing material for horses, mules, and donkeys.
- Shoemakers' glue.
- Skins and hides.
- Soaps of all kinds. [Tariff Nos. 1141—1142.]
- Soda.
- Soda, nitrate of (Chile saltpetre) (see Nitrates); nitrite of (see Nitrites).
- Starch and starch powder.
- Steel of iron wire.
- Stockings (see Military equipment).
- Straw.
- Sulphur.
- Sulphur iron (pyrites). [Tariff No. 707.]
- Sulphuric acid. [Tariff No. 1036.]
- Sulphuric acid, fuming (oil of vitriol). [Tariff No. 1037.]
- Sulphurous acid dissolved in water or compressed, also liquefied. [Tariff No. 1036.]
- Tan, tan bark. [Tariff No. 225.]
- Tannic acid, gallic acid, etc. [Tariff No. 1054.]
- Tanning extracts, liquid or solid. [Tariff No. 1055.]

* See foot-note, page 1.

Tar.	Waste used in the manufacture of paper waste paper. [Tariff No. 238].
Tar oils. (See Mineral oils.)	Wire (iron or steel).
Telephone apparatus and component parts, especially microphones, field telephones; insulating rubber.	Wires, electric (see Electric cables).
Tin and alloys thereof, whether raw or in sheets, disks, bars, wire, plates, etc. [see Category XI E. of the Tariff].	Wood (fuel).
Tinplate in sheets and cut up [see Tariff Nos. 731 and 788 b].	Wood, walnut.
Tyres of rubber, pneumatic or solid, for vehicles and cycles.	Wool.
Turpentine (oil of).	Wool, combed.
Underclothing (see Military equipment).	Wool, artificial. [Tariff No. 458].
Vehicles (see Ships).	Wool waste, combings. [Tariff No. 456].
Vinegar, acetic acid and essence of vinegar—containing more than 12 per cent. of pure acetic acid. (Tariff No. 131).	Woollen blankets.
	Woollen yarns, tissues, and articles (of pure or mixed wool).
	Zinc and alloys thereof, whether raw or in sheets, disks, bars, wire, plates, etc. [see Category XI D. of the Tariff].

NOTES.

1. The Federal Council reserves to itself the right to authorise exceptions to the above prohibitions.
2. Notwithstanding the prohibition of export, prohibited goods may be sent in transit through Switzerland in sealed wagons.
3. The importation of cereals, (wheat, spelt, barley, rye, oats, maize), of the products resulting from the grinding thereof, including forage meal and bran, as also of all concentrated forage necessary for the feeding of cattle is reserved exclusively to the Confederation. The re-exportation of such products is absolutely prohibited. Decree of 7th January, 1915.

GREECE.

LIST OF ARTICLES THE EXPORT OF WHICH IS PROHIBITED.

21st January 1915.

Animals.	Coal (except bunker coal).
Arms, viz.—Rifles, carbines, bayonets, and cartridges of the following systems:—	Field glasses.
Mannlicher-Schonauer, Bulgarian	Flour.
Mannlicher, Turkish Mauser, Gras, Martini, Martini-Mausser; revolvers and cartridges of the 1873 and 1893 patterns, Bayard, Colt; sabres of artillery drivers and cavalry.	Gold in bars and gold coins.
Benzine (petrol).*	Harness (articles of) for artillery and cavalry.
Cartridge cases in general for small arms and artillery.	Petrol (benzine).†
Cartridges (see Arms).	Petroleum.†
Cereals.	Revolvers (see Arms).
	Rifles (see Arms).
	Sabres (see Arms).
	Sugar.
	Telephone apparatus.
	Wool.
	Woollen yarns. (Tariff No. 175.)

* This includes motor spirit.

† Petroleum is a Government monopoly, and there is no trade in it.

ROUMANIA.

LIST OF ARTICLES THE EXPORT OF WHICH IS PROHIBITED.

9th February 1915.

Acid, sulphuric.	Motor cars, motor lorries, and all other vehicles.
Antimony.	Motor cycles.
Bandages of all descriptions, such as cotton wool, gauze, etc.	Motor accessories (rubber tyres and the like).
Beans. (See Foodstuffs.)	Oats.
Bicycles.	Petroleum residues.
Boots, Shoes, etc. (footwear.)	Petroleum, raw.
Cables, telegraphic.	Pharmaceutical manufactures and products.
Carts and carriages, and all other vehicles.	Pick-axes.
Coal.	Plates (iron, etc.) of all descriptions.
Copper and wares thereof. (See Metals.)	Radio-telegraphic stations, apparatus, etc.
Flour and meal (except maize meal.) (See Foodstuffs.)	Rags of all kinds of textiles.
Foodstuffs of animal or vegetable origin, sunflower seeds, wheat and flour and meal of all kinds (except maize meal), beans.	Sacks, sacking, and material for making the same.
Footwear.	Sacks, filled with grain, or sacking for covering trucks.
Forage of all descriptions.	Shovels.
Galvanized wire, whether barbed or not.	Sulphuric acid.
Gold coins of all descriptions (however packed).	Sunflower seeds. (See Foodstuffs.)
Hides and skins of all kinds, tanned or otherwise.	Surgical instruments.
Horses, oxen and all other draught animals.	Telegraphic apparatus and telegraphic cables.
Iron and wares thereof. (See Metals.)	Telephones.
Lead and wares thereof. (See Metals.)	Tin and wares thereof. (See Metals.)
Leather goods of all descriptions.	Transport animals of all kinds (horses, oxen).
Mats, rush.	Tyres for motors. (See Motor accessories.)
Meal, with the exception of maize meal.	Wheat. (See Foodstuffs.)
Metals: metals in a raw state, or rolled, with the exception of old iron; sheet metal of all kinds; and all metal wares.	Wool.
	Zinc and wares thereof. (See Metals.)

NOTES.

The transport of military stores through Roumania is prohibited.

The transit through Rumania of goods of which the exportation is prohibited is permitted only under special authorisation of the Ministry of Finance, each case being decided on its merits.

Exceptions to prohibitions of export can be obtained in special cases, such cases being decided on their merits.